Name $\qquad$ Pre Mid Term Test (May, 2024)
Max Marks: 40
Roll No. $\qquad$ Class IV

Date: 17.05.2024
Time: 2 hrs
Sub: Mathematics

## General Instructions:

1. The Question Paper contains four sections.
2. Section A consists of 15 questions of 1 mark each.
3. Section $B$ consists of 1 question of 4 marks.
4. Section $C$ consists of 6 questions of 2 marks each.
5. Section $D$ consists of 3 questions of 3 marks each.

## Section A

Section A consists of $\mathbf{1 5}$ questions of 1 mark each.

| Q. No. | Tick the correct option: | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | The smallest number that can be formed using digits $3,4,2,0,7$ is: <br> a) 20,347 <br> b) 30,742 <br> c) 03,742 <br> d) 74,320 | 1 |
| 2. | A six digit number begins with $\qquad$ place. <br> a) Lakhs <br> b) Ten Lakhs <br> c) Thousands <br> d) Ten Thousands | 1 |
| 3. | The number which is 1000 more than $6,54,871$ is: <br> a) $7,54,871$ <br> b) $6,64,871$ <br> c) $6,55,871$ <br> d) $6,54,971$ | 1 |
| 4. | The numeral for seven lakh forty two thousand eight hundred eight is: <br> a) $7,24,880$ <br> b) $7,42,880$ <br> c) $7,42,808$ <br> d) $7,42,008$ | 1 |
| 5. | 3 ten thousands $=$ $\qquad$ hundreds <br> a) 3 <br> b) 30 <br> c) 3000 <br> d) 300 | 1 |
|  | Fill in the blanks: |  |
| 6. | $4,369+127+64=64+\ldots+4,369$ | 1 |
| 7. | The period of 2 in 72,648 is | 1 |
| 8. | $28,915+\ldots=28,915$ | 1 |


| 9. | 1 more than largest 4-digit number is | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10. | Standard form of 7,00,000 +30,000 +6,000 + 400 + 9 is | 1 |
|  | True/ False: |  |
| 11. | The place of 6 in 63,427 is 60,000. | 1 |
| 12. | 8,88,646 < 98,745 | 1 |
| 13. | Predecessor of 2,46,310 is 2,46,309. | 1 |
| 14. | Three lakh three hundred thirty is written as $3,00,330$. | 1 |
| 15. | $62,164+3,000=92,164$ | 1 |
| Section B |  |  |
| Section $B$ consists of 1 question of 4 marks. |  |  |
| 16. | Dodging Tables: a) $9 \times 6=$ $\qquad$ b) $8 \times 4=$ $\qquad$ <br> c) $12 \times 3=$ $\qquad$ d) $13 \times 2=$ $\qquad$ <br> e) $14 \times 5=$ $\qquad$ f) $12 \times 7=$ $\qquad$ <br> g) $13 \times 9=$ $\qquad$ h) $14 \times 8=$ $\qquad$ | 4 |
| Section C |  |  |
| Section C consists of 6 questions of 2 marks each. |  |  |
| 17. | Write the expanded form of the following number: 7,06,246 | 2 |
| 18. | Write the place value and face value of underlined digit: $\mathbf{3 , 4 2 , 6 2 9}$ <br> Place Value: $\qquad$ <br> Face Value: $\qquad$ | 2 |
| 19. | Arrange the following numbers in ascending order: <br> 4,17,230 3,17,230 5,28,470 4,28,217 | 2 |



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## Answer Key

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1. The Question Paper contains four sections.
2. Section A consists of 15 questions of 1 mark each.
3. Section $B$ consists of 1 question of 4 marks.
4. Section $C$ consists of 6 questions of 2 marks each.
5. Section $D$ consists of 3 questions of 3 marks each.

## Section A

Section A consists of $\mathbf{1 5}$ questions of 1 mark each.

| Q. No. | Tick the correct option: | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | The smallest number that can be formed using digits $3,4,2,0,7$ is: <br> (a) 20,347 <br> b) 30,742 <br> c) 03,742 <br> d) 74,320 | 1 |
| 2. | A six digit number begins with lakhs place. <br> a) Lakhs <br> b) Ten Lakhs <br> c) Thousands <br> d) Ten Thousands | 1 |
| 3. | The number which is 1000 more than $6,54,871$ is: <br> a) $7,54,871$ <br> b) $6,64,871$ <br> c) $6,55,871$ <br> d) $6,54,971$ | 1 |
| 4. | The numeral for seven lakh forty two thousand eight hundred eight is: <br> a) $7,24,880$ <br> b) $7,42,880$ <br> (c) $7,42,808$ <br> d) $7,42,008$ | 1 |
| 5. | 3 ten thousands $=\underline{300}$ hundreds <br> a) 3 <br> b) 30 <br> c) 3000 <br> d) 300 | 1 |
|  | Fill in the blanks: |  |
| 6. | $4,369+127+64=64+\underline{127}+4,369$ | 1 |
| 7. | The period of 2 in 72,648 is thousands. | 1 |
| 8. | $28,915+\underline{0}=28,915$ | 1 |


| 9. | 1 more than largest 4-digit number is $10,000$. | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10. | Standard form of 7,00,000 $+30,000+6,000+400+9$ is 7,36,409. | 1 |
|  | True/ False: |  |
| 11. | The place of 6 in 63,427 is $60,000 . \quad$ False | 1 |
| 12. | 8,88,646 98,745 False | 1 |
| 13. | Predecessor of 2,46,310 is 2,46,309. True | 1 |
| 14. | Three lakh three hundred thirty is written as 3,00,330. True | 1 |
| 15. | $62,164+3,000=92,164$ False | 1 |
| Section B |  |  |
| Section $B$ consists of 1 question of 4 marks. |  |  |
| 16. | Dodging Tables: <br> a) $9 \times 6=\underline{54}$ <br> b) $8 \times 4=\underline{32}$ <br> c) $12 \times 3=\underline{36}$ <br> d) $13 \times 2=\underline{26}$ <br> e) $14 \times 5=\underline{70}$ <br> f) $12 \times 7=\underline{84}$ <br> g) $13 \times 9=\underline{117}$ <br> h) $14 \times 8=112$ | 4 |
| Section C |  |  |
| Section C consists of 6 questions of 2 marks each. |  |  |
| 17. | Write the expanded form of the following number: <br> 7,06,246 <br> 7 lakhs +6 thousands +2 hundreds +4 tens +6 ones <br> or $7,00,000+6,000+200+40+6$ <br> or $7 \times 1,00,000+6 \times 1,000+2 \times 100+4 \times 10+6 \times 1$ | 2 |
| 18. | Write the place value and face value of underlined digit: $\mathbf{3 , 4 2 , 6 2 9}$ <br> Place Value: 4 ten thousands $=4 \times 10,000=40,000$ <br> Face Value: 4 | 2 |


| 19. | Arrange the following numbers in ascending order: | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20. | a) Choose the smallest number from the following: $\begin{array}{lccc} 81,209 & 81,407 & 82,209 & 1,82,247 \\ \text { Smallest number }=81,209 & & \end{array}$ <br> b) Put the sign: Successor of $99,999 \quad>10,000$. | 2 |
| 21. | Use the digits $\mathbf{0}, \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}, \mathbf{3}, \mathbf{4}, \mathbf{5}, \mathbf{6}, \mathbf{7}, \mathbf{8}, 9$ to form greatest 6 -digit number with 2 at hundreds place. <br> (Do not repeat the digits) $9,87,265$ | 2 |
| 22. | Find the missing digits: $\left.\begin{array}{ccccc} \text { TTh } & \text { Th } & \text { H } & \text { T } & \text { O } \\ 1 & 5 & & 1 & \\ 4 & 5 & 1 & 2 & 6 \\ + & 3 & 5 & 7 & 6 \end{array}\right) 4 .$ | 2 |
| Section D |  |  |
| Section D consists of $\mathbf{3}$ questions of 3 marks each. |  |  |
| 23. | Arrange in columns and find the sum: $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2,73,042 }+35,289 \\ & \begin{array}{cccccc} \text { L TTh } & \text { Th } & \text { H } & \text { T } & \text { O } \\ 1 & & & 1 & 1 & \\ 2 & 7 & 3 & 0 & 4 & 2 \\ \\ + & 3 & 5 & 2 & 8 & 9 \\ \hline 3 & 0 & 8 & 3 & 3 & 1 \end{array} \quad \text { Ans }-3,80,331 \end{aligned}$ | 3 |


| 24. | a) Form a number with <br> 6 at tens place, 2 at thousands place, 3 at hundreds place, 9 at lakhs place and 5 at ones place. $9,02,365$ <br> b) Write number name of : 7,54,903 <br> Seven lakh fifty four thousand nine hundred three | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25. | John's father bought a motorbike for ₹ $\mathbf{3 6 , 8 7 0}$ and a fridge for ₹ $\mathbf{4 0 , 8 4 6}$. How much money did he spend altogether? <br> Cost of motorbike $=₹ 36,870$ <br> Cost of fridge $=₹ 40,846$ <br> Total money spent $=₹ 36,870+₹ 40,846$ <br> Total money spent by John's father is ₹ 77,716 . | 3 |

